author to germand 13993 Butto Mont Decr 20th 1882 Prof March Galle College

Spr Jale College

remains of a manual found in probably "Sethyosawas found in the invintains adjacent consisting of the lower jaw with teeth and two rebs of an immense amount The rib bolus are 9 ft long following long but broken off at the point or would be a fort longer, with teeth of ulmost emform small size round thoutest tabout an euch or euch ta half apart. The structure is bone the funder sawed the jaw in two lengthere for convenience in carrying, The remains are not fossilized the bony jaw as shown by the solvent is quite sollid

13994 Thave an eden that this is a very rare specimen in this country I would like to Kur what you will give for the specimens backed to loaded on the cars here Dwell try to touthing them below, Reply to WRead Butte Montain one side of lower faw with 22 teith as shown for the part with 22 teith the part of booken to the part of the part This are attent whole then also, 9 ft long are very very white the the 2 ribs also, 9 ft long are very preservations feet. D-----hen Sawn----perfect

Butte Mi Dec21/82 Prof March Jale Tollege Solw the endosed slip is from the local paper this morning, and imporfectly describes the remains. There is considerable cartilage on the upper side of the Jaw, and it is pliable town be cheved to a pulp and has quite a mesty teste. There are two ribs although the paper wentions but one - the teeth are largest near the front I very white but faciller towards the jaw socket, about the front touch size of chape as here hour of double or grinder teeth and they have a curve towards the threat. He farty now in procession is a German t has sent a description to see brother a professor at Heidelburg who he thinks well buy them, so if you desire to seeme them it I wrote you also workend

## THE ICHTHYOSAURIAN.

## The Skeleton of a Monster Reptile Found.

A wagon was wandering along the streets, yesterday, and in it the driver said that he had some bones which had been found in the Belt range, but just where did not seem to know. It is to be deplored that the resting place of these bones is not known and the entire skeleton recovered, for the portions now exhibited prove that they are portions of an enormous inhabitant of the deep, a gigantic reptile, the Icthyosaurian. The lower jaw and one of the ribs are now on exhibition. The jaw bone is in an excellent state, the cartilage is still on the bones and appears to have been hacked with some sharp instrument. The bone is as solid and white as if the animal had been dead only a few months, instead of thousand years. The jaws have been divided their full length to facilitate transportation. When placed together he shape resemble a pair of glove stretthers and measure from tip point to

At the point, the jaw is but four inches, and twelve and a half inches in cirumference; but gradually increases unil at the middle it measures fifteen nches, and where the bones separate, 23 nches just span it. From this point to the tip is over four feet, and the upper side is lined with two rows of teeth in a ditch socket. The teeth are perfect.

The teeth being retractile like a snake's all food was swallowed by constriction, and as this would require very light jaws, these are consequently very thin, and at the socket are fifteen inches in breadth. The mouth, as will be understood, is very large. If the jaws could be expanded their full length a tall man could stand in the mouth when open, it being large enough to swallow a steer.

The rib is from the left side, and from the forward curve of the floating end proves that it is about the fifth or sixth rib back of the head, and just in front of the left fore-shoulder. It is nearly nine feet in length, and is eleven inches in circumference, being five wide and two thick. It was attached to the back bone by a socket joint, which would admit of t the neck bending in all directions. this rib was only in the neck, and the body being large in proportion to the neck, the reptile would measure around the centre of the body fifty or sixty feet. As there are about forty vertebræ, and each averages at least 18 inches, the length of the body, including the head, would be nearly 70 feet, and the tail with its vertical fin is longer than the body, the size of this delicate animal is astounding. Think if a creature one hundred and forty feet in length, with a body as large as a pioneer cabin, and plenty of room to hold twenty head of choice beeves, and a mouth equal to the supply, should come waddling down Main Street on its four tremendous flippers. It s would nearly fill the street, and be a block t in length, and as high as a second story window. Its age would preclude all competition in priority of settlement on the part of the "old timer," and its size would discount Admiral Blake's sea snake.