## LITERATURE CITED

- BARNES, W. & J. H. MCDUNNOUGH. 1913. Contributions to the natural history of the Lepidoptera of North America 2(1): pls. 1–21.
- GUENÉE, A. 1852. Species Général des Lépidoptères, Noctuélites 1: I–XCVI + 1–407 pp.
- HOLLAND, W. J. 1903 and later editions. The moth book. Doubleday, Page & Co., New York. 479 p., 48 pls.

## STAPHYLUS AZTECA, NEW RECORD FOR THE UNITED STATES (HESPERIIDAE)

Staphylus azteca (Scudder, 1872)

Type locality. Tehuantepec, Oaxaca, Mexico.

Distribution. Mexico: Mante, Tamaulipas, June 1967 (H. A. Freeman); Ciudad Valles (Hotel Covadonga), San Luis Potosi, June, July, August 1966–1975 (H. A. Freeman); Tamazunchale, San Luis Potosi, June 1967 (H. A. Freeman); San Blas, Nayarit, September 1966 (W. S. McAlpine); Comala and Colima, Colima, March, April 1967 (Robert Wind); and Catemaco, Veracruz, August 1967 (H. A. Freeman). Guatemala, Salvador, and Costa Rica (various records in the British Museum and American Museum of Natural History, New York).

On 2 June 1940 I collected a female specimen of *Staphylus* at Alpine, Brewster County, Texas, approximately 11 mi. N of town. This specimen was sent to Mr. E. L. Bell at the American Museum of Natural History for determination. In response Mr. Bell wrote that this specimen being a female was not possible to identify as it was not like any they had in the museum and could possibly represent a new species. After searching for males for many years in that general area north of Alpine with no results I finally gave up and left the specimen unidentified in my Texas collection. Recently I re-examined the specimen and compared it with my Mexican *Staphylus* and found it to be *azteca* (Scudder). This represents a new Hesperiidae record for the United States.

HUGH AVERY FREEMAN, 1605 Lewis Drive, Garland, Texas 75041.