collected in early June of 1969. It may be noted that the former two listed by MacNeill are several hundred miles from both Colorado localities but that reported by Callaghan is within 50 air miles of the Gateway locality in Mesa Co., Colorado. MacNeill gives no indication of the possibility of *martini* occurring in Colorado by his distribution map for the *Hesperia pahaska* complex. It is now noted that the range of this subspecies has been extended eastward and that it has a much closer association with *H. pahaska pahaska* than previously known.

Although substantial series of this new discovery in Colorado are not available, it seems to depart from MacNeill's description of martini in two distinct characters. First, the macular band on the undersurface of the hindwings is composed of small rather than large spots, comparable with those of eastern Colorado pahaska pahaska. Second, in several specimens, the amount of fulvous suffusion in the borders of the fore and hindwings above is not as extensive and therefore, the insect is not as brightly marked as specimens from westward in its range. Intermediacy to H. p. pahaska is suggested by these two characters; however, the differences between these specimens and eastern slope pahaska are too substantial to consider them as intermediates and they should be referred to as martini. Colorado martini are comparable in size to that given by MacNeill with a FW range of 15–16 mm for the males and 16–18 mm for the females.

MacNeill suggests that this subspecies is double brooded, flying in the spring and again in September. Colorado specimens have been recorded from both of these times (May and August), thus confirming his suspicion. The larval foodplant is unknown but may be *Bouteloua gracilis* (H.B.K.) Lag.; Steud., the host for *pahaska pahaska* in Douglas Co., Colorado (J. Scott, in litt.).

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## RECENT SMITHSONIAN LEPIDOPTERA ACCESSIONS

The Wilbur S. McAlpine Collection

Through the kindness and generosity of Mr. Wilbur S. McAlpine, Union Lake, Michigan, the bulk of his collection of Lepidoptera has come to the Smithsonian Institution.

This collection consists of over 12,000 specimens and is rich in material from the state of Michigan. In addition there is a series of Alaska butterflies collected by him in 1906 and again in 1911 and 1912 when he was Assistant Surveyor in a survey of coal claims at Homer, Alaska. Mr. McAlpine also was interested in the saturniid *Hyalophora columbia* and its hybrid with *H. cecropia* in Michigan and acquired a long series of these moths.

The most important part of his collection, however, consists of the genus Calephelis which was the subject of his, "A Revision of the Butterfly Genus Calephelis (Riodinidae)" (J. Res. Lepid. 10(1): 1–125, 1971). All described species of Calephelis are represented with the following types of new species and subspecies coming to the Smithsonian: Calephelis sixola, C. perditalis donahuei, C. muticum, C. rawsoni, C. freemani, C. arizonensis, C. sinaloensis nuevoleon, C. dreisbacki, C. stallingsi, C. huasteca, C. montezuma, C. acapulcoensis, C. azteca, C. yucatana, C. maya, C. wellingi, C. wellingi baleuensis, C. clenchi and C. schausi. Paratypes of the above and those of other species are included in the collection.

Other museums received holotypes and paratypes of some of McAlpine's new species and subspecies. The museums and the holotypes they received are: American Museum of Natural History: Calephelis laverna trinidadensis, C. mexicana, C.

sacapulas, C. browni and C. tapuyo. The British Museum (Natural History) received Calephelis guatemala, C. braziliensis and C. burgeri. The following were sent to the Carnegie Museum: Calephelis nemesis bajaensis, C. costariciola (neotype), C. sinaloensis, C. matheri, C. inca and C. aymaran. Calephelis nemesis dammersi and C. n. californica are in the Los Angeles County Museum.

#### The E. J. Newcomer Collection

Mr. E. J. Newcomer, formerly of Yakima, Washington, concentrated his collecting on Lepidoptera of that state and divided his collection between Washington State University and the Smithsonian Institution, the latter receiving nearly 3,000 specimens. This block of material, from a restricted geographical area, forms a very representative collection of that fauna, and is particularly strong in the genus Speyeria.

### The F. T. Vallins Collection

This excellent assemblage of material consists of more than 22,000 blues and coppers of the family Lycaenidae. All of the specimens are from the Palaearctic Region, and although there are no holotypes, there are long series from throughout the ranges of the species. These demonstrate all known forms of intraspecific variation that occur in the various localities. This is an extremely valuable collection for the study of variation and comparison of parallel development in American species.

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## NOTES AND NEWS

# PROPOSED AMENDMENTS TO THE CONSTITUTION OF THE LEPIDOPTERISTS' SOCIETY

The following changes in the Constitution of the Society have been proposed in order to:

1. add the immediate Past President to the Executive Council; and

2. change the inauguration date of the President, Vice-Presidents, and the Members-at-Large of the Executive Council from 1 January to the date of the annual meeting.

Notice is hereby given, in accordance with Article XII, Section 1, that these proposed amendments to the Constitution will be sent to the members with the ballots in November, 1973. Each section containing a proposed change is reproduced below in full, with new language in CAPITAL LETTERS; there are no proposed deletions.

Article IV, Section 2: The business and affairs of the Society, not otherwise provided for, shall be controlled by an Executive Council, consisting of the President, President-elect, THE MOST RECENT AVAILABLE PAST PRESIDENT, three Vice-Presidents, the Secretary, the Secretary-elect, the Treasurer, the Treasurer-elect, and nine other members of the Society. Action on all amendments to the By-Laws and all appointments and elections by the Executive Council shall be obtained by a canvass by the Secretary of all members of the Council.