

## NOTE REGARDING HABITATS AND RHOPALOCERA OF DONNER PASS, CALIFORNIA

In our previous paper (Emmel & Emmel, 1962) on the Donner Pass butterfly fauna, we unfortunately omitted a description of the fourth plant association in the *Dry-Meadow* habitat. This association, called here the Lake Mary road area, is listed in Table 1 and shown in Figure 2 of that paper; the following remarks should be added after the "Summit Valley" description (1962: p.28):

### 2-D. LAKE MARY ROAD

This is the dirt road from Donner Summit (Highway 40) to the Sugar Bowl Lodge; it passes by Lake Mary and parallels the railroad snowsheds. The area (elevation 7000 feet) is generally dry and covered by chaparral-like plant growth. Typical plants are *Ceanothus* and buckwheat (*Eriogonum*), with a few willows (*Salix*).

A FURTHER NOTE: Because of the identical butterfly faunas of the two sub-habitats listed under "*I. Wet Meadow*" (1962, p.27), the data concerning the two faunas were combined in one column (Habitat "1") in Table 1 (1962, p. 37-38).

We thank Dr. C. B. WILLIAMS for bringing these points to our attention.

### Reference

- Emmel, Thomas C., & John F., 1962. Ecological studies of Rhopalocera in a High Sierran Community — Donner Pass, California. I. Butterfly associations and distributional factors. *Journ. lepid. soc.* 16: 23-44.

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## SONG SPARROWS FEEDING ON LEPIDOPTERA

For the past few days, June 4th through 7th, 1962, I have noticed the common Song Sparrow, *Melospiza melodia*, hawking insects here. Upon closer inspection it was ascertained that very often the insects were lepidopterous. Many moths (I am not able to identify moths) were taken. Several *Everes comyntas*, *Strymon*, *Lycænopsis argiolus*, and *Lycæna phlæas americana* were also ingested by the sparrows.

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