# A REVISED SYNONYMIC CATALOGUE WITH TAXONOMIC NOTES ON SOME NEARCTIC LYCAENIDAE

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#### Introduction

The publication by Harry K. Clench ([1961]: 177–220) and John C. Downey ([1961]: 230–242) in Ehrlich & Ehrlich's How to Know the Butterflies of revisions of the Theclini by the former and the Plebejini by the latter rendered another part of the present author's synonymic list (1964), at least obsolete insofar as the Theclini is concerned. This situation is similar to the one explained in a previous paper on the Nearctic Melitaeinae (1969, J. Lepid. Soc., 23: 115–125).

Clench revised the Theclini and in the course of his work proposed eight new generic or subgeneric names, besides introducing into our fauna some names that had heretofore been considered Neotropical and eliminating some that are no longer considered Nearctic. Downey, on the other hand, merely rearranged the order in which the genera and some of the species appear in the synonymic list so that it is not considered necessary to repeat his work, no reasons having been given for such action. Clench also made no vital changes in this author's Lycaeninae which he gives tribal rank (Lycaenini) except that he combines Lycaena cupreus with L. snowi (1961: 222) as one species although recognizing apparently both as good subspecies. Also he does not clearly recognize the subgenus Tharsalea Scudder, 1876, although he may recognize it subgenerically in another faunal area, and arranges the species in Lycaena in somewhat different order. These are subjective matters with which one cannot quarrel, but in neither case is it deemed necessary to rewrite those parts of the synonymic list.

Neither Clench's nor Downey's works give any synonymies and do not list categories lower than species. This was done in accordance with the wish of the authors of *How to Know the Butterflies*, but is unfortunate for the student because he cannot tell what has become of subspecies, lower categories, and synonyms.

The present paper follows the general style and form of the synonymic list, followed by notes giving explanations for the changes made. An effort has been made to fit all names into the list by giving numbers to them starting with 349 where the Lycaenidae start. A similar arrangement of the genera was impossible because of the many changes made by Clench.

The thorough and badly needed revision of the Theclini by my colleague Harry K. Clench, Curator of Lepidoptera at the Carnegie Museum, is of such value and importance that it should be made available in catalogue form to purchasers of the synonymic list. My thanks are extended to Mr. Clench for clearing up some points that were uncertain in his work or not easily understood. He has been most liberal in his assistance.

I am indebted also to my colleague, F. Martin Brown, for placing at my disposal a *ms* on the types of the Lycaenid butterflies described by William Henry Edwards of which he is the senior author with Paul A. Opler. Brown generously gave permission to use any of his ideas.

## Family LYCAENIDAE Subfamily THECLINAE

#### HABRODAIS Scudder, 1876

Type: Thecla grunus Boisduval, 1852

 $Habrodias \ {\bf McDunnough}, 1914 \ ({\it lapsus calami})$ 

349 grunus (Boisduval), 1852

a **g. grunus** (Boisduval), 1852

b **g. lorquini** Field, 1938 form *chloris* Field, 1938

c g. herri Field, 1938

#### HYPAUROTIS Scudder, 1876

Type: Thecla chrysalus Edwards, "1872–3" (1873) (= Thecla crysalus Edwards, "1872–3" [1873])

350 **crysalus** (Edwards), "1872–3" (1873)

chrysalus Auctorum

chryaslus (Edwards), 1884 (lapsus calami)

form citima (H. Edwards), 1881

## CHLOROSTRYMON Clench, [1961]

Type: Thecla telea Hewitson, 1868

\*351 **simaethis** (Drury), "1770" [1773]

a s. sarita (Skinner), 1895

352 telea (Hewitson), 1868

353 maesites (Herrich-Schäffer), 1864

## PHAEOSTRYMON Clench, [1961]

Type: Thecla alcestis Edwards, "1870–1" (1871)

 $354 \quad \textbf{alcestis} \; (\, Edwards\,), "1870–1" \, (\, 1871\,)$ 

a a. alcestis (Edwards), "1870-1" (1871)

b a. oslari (Dyar), 1904

#### HARKENCLENUS nom. nov.

pro Chrysophanus Hübner, 1818 (opinion 541, name 1235)

Type: Chrysophanus mopsus Hübner, 1818 (opinion 541, name 1235)

(= Papilio titus Fabricius, 1793) (opinion 541, name 1605)

355 titus (Fabricius), 1793

- a t. titus (Fabricius), 1793
- b **t. mopsus** (Hübner), "1818" [1809–13]
- c t. watsoni (Barnes & Benjamin), 1926
- d t. immaculosus (Comstock), 1913

#### SATYRIUM Scudder, 1876

Type: Lycaena fuliginosa Edwards, 1861

Callipsyche Scudder, 1876

Strymon Auctorum (partim)

Thecla Auctorum (partim)

- 356 fuliginosum (Edwards), 1861
  - a f. fuliginosum (Edwards), 1861

suasa (Boisduval), 1869

ab. immaculata Gunder, 1927

- b f. semiluna Klots, 1930
- 357 **behrii** (Edwards), "1870–1" (1870)
  - a **b. behrii** (Edwards), "1870–1" (1870)

kali (Strecker), "1872" [1878]

ab. nigroinita (Gunder), 1924

- b **b. crossi** (Field), 1938
- c b. columbia (McDunnough), 1944
- 358 **auretorum** (Boisduval), 1852
  - a a. auretorum (Boisduval), 1852

tacita (H. Edwards), 1881

- b **a. spadix** (H. Edwards), 1881
- 359 **tetra** (Edwards), "1870–1" (1870)

adenostomatis (H. Edwards), 1877

360 saepium (Boisduval), 1852

chalcis Edwards, "1868-9" (1869)

soepium (Boisduval), 1852 (lapsus calami)

a s. saepium (Boisduval), 1852

form fulvescens (H. Edwards), 1877

form chlorophora (Watson & Comstock), 1920

form provo (Watson & Comstock), 1920

b s. okanagana (McDunnough), 1944

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liparops (Le Conte), [27 July 1833]
361
     a l. liparops (Le Conte), [27 July 1833]
     b l. strigosa (Harris), 1862
          ab. pruina (Scudder), 1889
     c l. fletcheri (Michener & dos Passos), 1942
          liparops (Fletcher nec Le Conte [27 July 1833])
           "1903" [1904]
     d l. aliparops (Michener & dos Passos), 1942
362 kingi (Klots & Clench), 1952
363
     calanus (Hübner), "1806" [1809]
           wittfeldii (Edwards), 1883
     a c. calanus (Hübner), "1806" [1809]
     b c. falacer (Godart), "1819" [1824]
           lorata (Grote & Robinson), 1867
           inorata (Grote & Robinson), 1867
           ab. heathii (Fletcher), "1903" [1904]
     c c. godarti (Field), 1938
364
     carvaevorus (McDunnough), 1942
365
     edwardsii (Saunders), 1869
          fabricii (Kirby), 1871
366
     sylvinus (Boisduval), 1852
     a s. sylvinus (Boisduval), 1852
     b s. desertorum (Grinnell), 1917
     c s. itvs (Edwards), 1882
     d s. putnami (H. Edwards), 1877
             putmani Brown, Eff, & Rotger, 1955 (lapsus calami)
367
     californica (Edwards), 1862
          borus (Boisduval), 1869
          cygnus (Edwards), "1870–1" (1871)
368
     acadica (Edwards), 1862
             acadia Brown, Eff, & Rotger, 1955 (lapsus calami)
     a a. acadica (Edwards), 1862
          souhegan (Whitney), 1868
             souhegon (McDunnough), 1938 (lapsus calami)
          ab. muskoka (Watson & Comstock), 1920
          ab. swetti (Watson & Comstock), 1920
     b a. coolinensis (Watson & Comstock), 1920
     c a. montanensis (Watson & Comstock), 1920
     d a. watrini (Dufrane), 1939
     dryope (Edwards), "1870–1" (1871)
369
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## **EUMAEUS** Hübner, "1816" [1819] Type: Eumaeus minyas Hübner, "1816" [1819] (= Rusticus adolescens minijas Hübner, "1806" [1809]) Eumenia Godart, "1819" [1824] \*370 **atala** (Poey), 1832 a **a. florida** Röber, 1926 grayi Comstock & Huntington, 1943 371 **minyas** (Hübner), "1816" [1819] (*emendatio*) minijas (Hübner), "1806" [1809] toxea (Godart), "1819" [1824] **OENOMAUS** Hübner, "1816" [1819] Type: Papilio ortugnus (Cramer), "1782" [1779] 372 **ortygnus** (Cramer), "1782" [1779] MINISTRYMON Clench, [1961] Type: Thecla leda Edwards, 1882 373 **ines** (Edwards), 1882 374 **leda** (Edwards), 1882 375 **clytie** (Edwards), 1877 gen. hiem. maevia (Godman & Salvin), (1887) **HETEROSMAITIA** Clench, 1964 Type: Thecla bourkei Kaye, 1924 376 **spurina** Hewitson, "1862" [1867] zebina (H. A. Freeman), 1950 CALYCOPIS Scudder, 1876 Type: Rusticus armatus poeas Hübner, "1806" [1811] (= Hesperia cecrops Fabricius, 1793) 378 **beon** (Stoll), 1782 379 **cecrops** (Fabricius), 1793 poeas (Hübner), "1806" [1811] ab. gottschalki (Clark & Clark), 1938 **TMOLUS** Hübner, "1816" [1819] Type: Papilio echion Linnaeus, 1767 380 echiolus (Draudt), 1920 echion Auctorum (nec Linnaeus, 1767) 381 **azia** (Hewitson), 1873 nipona Auctorum (nec Hewitson, 1877) CALLOPHRYS (INCISALIA) Scudder, 1872 Type: Licus niphon Hübner, [1819-] 1823 [1823]

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382
       polios Cook & Watson, 1907
            ab. davisi Watson & Comstock, 1920
       irus (Godart), "1819" [1824]
 383
       a i. irus (Godart), "1819" [1824]
            arsace (Boisduval & Le Conte), [1833]
            ab. baltaeta Scudder, 1889
               balteata dos Passos, 1964 (lapsus calami)
       b i. hadros Cook & Watson, 1909
 384
       henrici (Grote & Robinson), 1867
       a h. henrici (Grote & Robinson), 1867
       b h. turneri Clench. 1943
       c h. margaretae dos Passos, 1943
       d h. solatus Cook & Watson, 1909
       fotis (Strecker), "1877" [1878]
 385
       a f. mossii (H. Edwards), 1881
       b f. schryveri Cross, 1937
       c f. bayensis R. M. Brown, 1969
       d f. doudoroffi dos Passos, 1946
       e f. windi Clench, 1943
       f f. fotis (Strecker), "1877" [1878]
       augustinus (Westwood), "1846–52" [1852]
 386
            augustus (Kirby nec Fabricius, 1793), 1837
       a a. augustinus (Westwood), "1846–52" [1852]
       b a. helenae dos Passos, 1943
       c a. croesioides Scudder, 1876
       d a. iroides (Boisduval), 1852
             ab. immaculata (Cockle), 1910
       e a. annetteae dos Passos, 1943
  387
       lanoraieensis Sheppard, 1934
  388
       niphon (Hübner), [1819–] 1823 [1823]
               nipha (Morris), 1860 (lapsus calami)
       a n. niphon (Hübner), [1819–] 1823 [1823]
            plautus (Scudder), 1876
       b n. clarki Freeman, 1938
       eryphon (Boisduval), 1852
  389
       a e. eryphon (Boisduval), 1852
       b e. sheltonensis Chermock & Frechin, "1948" [1949]
CALLOPHRYS (SANDIA) Clench & Ehrlich, 1960
  Type: Callophrys (Sandia) mcfarlandi Ehrlich & Clench, 1960
       macfarlandi Ehrlich & Clench, 1960 (emendatio)
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mcfarlandi Ehrlich & Clench, 1960

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CALLOPHRYS (XAMIA) Clench, [1961]
  Type: Thecla xami Reakirt, "1866" [1867]
  391 xami (Reakirt), "1866" [1867]
             blenina (Hewitson), 1868
CALLOPHRYS (MITOURA) Scudder, 1872
  Type: Thecla smilacis Boisduval & Le Conte, [1833] (= Papilio damon
         Stoll, 1782 nec [Denis & Schiffermüller], 1775 = Lycus gryneus
         Hübner, "1816" [1819])
      loki (Skinner), 1907
  392
  393
      hesseli Rawson & Ziegler, 1950
       gryneus (Hübner), "1816" [1819]
  394
       a g. gryneus (Hübner), "1816" [1819] (gen. vern.)
            damon (Stoll nec [Denis & Schiffermüller], 1775), 1782
               demon (Skinner), 1897 (lapsus calami)
            damastus (Godart), "1819" [1824]
            auburniana (Harris), 1862 (partim)
            ab. octoscripta Buchholz, 1951
           gen. aest. smilacis (Boisduval & Le Conte), [1833]
            auburniana (Harris), 1862 (partim)
            patersonia (Brehme), 1907
       b g. sweadneri Chermock, "1944" [1945]
       c g. castalis (Edwards), "1870-1" (1871)
            discoidalis (Skinner), 1897
           form brehmei Barnes & Benjamin, 1923
  395
       spinetorum (Hewitson), 1867
             ninus (Edwards), "1870-1" (1871)
            cuyamaca (Wright), 1922
  396
       siva (Edwards), "1874–6" (1874)
       a s. siva (Edwards), "1874–6" (1874)
             rhodope (Godman & Salvin), (1887)
       b s. juniperaria J. A. Comstock, 1925
       c s. mansfieldi Tilden, 1951
       nelsoni (Boisduval), 1869
  397
       a n. nelsoni (Boisduval), 1869
             ab. exoleta (H. Edwards), 1881
       b n. muiri (H. Edwards), 1881
      johnsoni (Skinner), 1904
CALLOPHRYS (CALLOPHRYS) Billberg, 1820
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Type: Papilio rubi Linnaeus, 1758

EURISTRYMON Clench, [1961]

Type: Thecla favonius Smith, 1797

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Lycus Hübner, "1816" [1819] (nec Lycus Fabricius, 1787)
            Licus Hübner [1819-] 1823 [1823]
       affinis (Edwards), 1862
       a a. washingtonia Clench, 1944
       b a. affinis (Edwards), 1862
  400
       sheridanii (Carpenter), 1877 (emendatio)
            sheridonii (Carpenter), 1877 (lapsus calami)
       a sheridanii (Carpenter), 1877 (emendatio)
       b s. neoperplexa (Barnes & Benjamin), 1923
       c s. newcomeri Clench, 1963
       dumetorum (Boisduval), 1852
  401
       a d. dumetorum (Boisduval), 1852
            perplexa Barnes & Benjamin, 1923
  402
       apama (Edwards), 1882
       a a. apama (Edwards), 1882
       b a. homoperplexa Barnes & Benjamin, 1923
  403
       comstocki Henne, 1940
  404
       lemberti Tilden, 1963
       viridis (Edwards), 1862
  405
CALLOPHRYS (CYANOPHRYS) Clench, [1961]
  Type: Strymon agricola Butler & Druce, 1872
  406
      miserabilis Clench, 1946
            pastor Auctorum (nec Butler & Druce, 1872)
  407
       goodsoni (Clench), 1946
            facuna Auctorum (nec Hewitson, 1877)
ATLIDES Hübner, "1816" [1819]
  Type: Papilio halesus Cramer, "1779" [1777]
         Brangas Hübner, "1816" [1819]
       halesus (Cramer), "1779" [1777]
  408
       a h. halesus (Cramer), "1779" [1777]
            dolichos (Hübner), 1823
            juanita (Scudder), 1868
       b h. corcorani Clench, 1942
           form estesi Clench, 1942
DOLYMORPHA Holland, 1931
  Type: Thecla jada Hewitson, "1862" [1867]
  409 jada (Hewitson), "1862" [1867]
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410 polingi (Barnes & Benjamin), 1926
  411
      favonius (Smith), 1797
  412
       ontario (Edwards), "1868–9" (1868)
       a o. ontario (Edwards), "1868-9" (1868)
       b o. violae (Stallings & Turner), 1947
       c o. autolycus (Edwards), "1870–1" (1871)
       d o. ilavia (Beutenmüller), 1899
             mirabelle (Barnes), 1900
HYPOSTRYMON Clench, [1961]
  Type: Thecla critola Hewitson, 1874
  413 critola (Hewitson), 1874
PANTHIADES Hübner. "1816" [1819]
  Type: Papilio pelion Cramer, "1779" [1775]
         Parrhasius Hübner, "1816" [1819]
         Eupsyche Scudder, 1876
  414
       m-album (Boisduval & Le Conte), [June 1833]
             8 psyche (Boisduval & Le Conte) [June 1833]
STRYMON Hübner, 1818 (opinion 541, name 1332)
  Type: Strymon melinus Hübner, 1818 (opinion 541, name 1602)
         Bithys Hübner, 1818 (opinion 541, name 1234)
             Bythis Gever, [1827–31] (opinion 541, name 1236) (lapsus
              calami)
         Argus Gerhard (nec Bohadsch, 1761, nec Scopoli, 1763, nec
             Scopoli, 1777, nec Boisduval, 1832), 1850
         Callipareus Scudder, 1872
         Callicista Grote, 1873
         Uranotes Scudder, 1876
       martialis (Herrich-Schäffer), 1864
  415
 *416
       acis (Drury), "1770" [1773]
             mars (Fabricius), [1777]
       a a. bartrami (Comstock & Huntington), 1943
       melinus Hübner, 1818 (opinion 541, name 1602)
  417
       a m. melinus Hübner, 1818
            hyperici (Boisduval & Le Conte), [27 July 1833]
            ab. youngi Field, 1936
       b m. humuli (Harris), 1841
            ab. meinersi Gunder, 1927
       c m. franki Field. 1938
       d m. pudica (H. Edwards), 1877
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e m. atrofasciata McDunnough, 1921
      f m. setonia McDunnough, 1927
     avalona (Wright), 1905
418
419 rufofusca (Hewitson), "1862" (1877) (emendatio)
           rufo-fusca (Hewitson), "1862" (1877)
     cestri (Reakirt), "1866" [1867]
420
     yojoa (Reakirt), "1866" [July 1867]
421
*422
     columella (Fabricius), 1793
      a c. istapa (Reakirt), "1866" [1867]
      b c. modesta (Maynard), 1873
           ocellifera (Grote), 1873
     bazochii (Godart), "1819" [1824]
423
           thius Gever, 1832
           agra Hewitson, 1871
424
      alea (Godman & Salvin), "1879–1901" [1887]
           laceyi (Barnes & McDunnough), 1910
425
     bebrycia (Hewitson), 1868
           buchholzi H. A. Freeman, 1950
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#### ERORA Scudder, 1872

Type: Thecla laeta Edwards, 1862

426 **laeta** (Edwards), 1862

♀ clothilde (Edwards), "1863-4" (1863)

\*427 **quaderna** (Hewitson), 1868 a **q. sanfordi** dos Passos, 1940

## **ELECTROSTRYMON** Clench, [1961]

Type: Papilio endymion Fabricius, 1775 \*428 endymion (Fabricius), 1775 a e. cyphara (Hewitson), 1874

#### TAXONOMIC DISCUSSION

The following names, arranged in alphabetical order, have been omitted from this revised synonymic catalogue because they are now believed not to occur in the Nearctic region:

?Lycaena erytalus Butler, "1869" [1870] (?lapsus calami for Tmolus eurytulus Hübner, 1819)

Polyommatus hugon Godart, "1819" [1824]

Strymon eurytulus (Butler), "1869" [1870] is a South American species of which erytulus auctorum is a misspelling and these names are accordingly omitted from the list.

Strymon daraba (Hewitson), "1861" [April 1867] is also a South American species and dropped from the List.

Strymon pastor Butler & Druce, "1869-76" [1872]

Thecla beroea Hewitson, 1868

Thecla cybira Hewitson, "1862-78" [1874]

Thecla facuna Hewitson "1862" [1877]

Thecla nipona Hewitson, 1877

The following explanations will help answer questions concerning placement of names, especially where the above list deviates from the treatment of Clench, or where more recent information has been incorporated.

#### HARKENCLENUS

The International Commission on Zoological Nomenclature by opinion 541 suppressed among other names *Chrysophanus* Hübner, 1818, and placed it on the Official Index of Rejected and Invalid Names in Zoology for the purposes of the Law of Priority but not for those of the Law of Homonymy. Consequently, a replacement name is in order. For that purpose *Harkenclenus* has been chosen, being an arbitrary combination of the first syllables of the name of my friend and colleague, Harry Kendon Clench. The new name is masculine.

#### SATYBIUM

Satyrium edwardsii has from time to time been ascribed to Saunders or Grote & Robinson. It was a manuscript name of Saunders first published by Grote & Robinson (1867) in the synonymy of S. calanus. Since that is no longer considered a valid publication (Code, Art. 16 [b] [ii]), the name must be credited to Saunders who validly published it in 1869.

#### EUMAEUS

Clench removed *Eumaeus* from the Thecliti, and placed it in the Strymoniti.

There are differences of opinion concerning the correct spelling of the name of the type species of this genus. When first published, it was written *minijas*, but when Hübner later proposed this generic name and included this species in it, he wrote the name *minyas*, and that spelling has been generally accepted as a justified emendation. It seems better to adhere to the present practice especially since Minyas was a Greek hero and the letter "j" was not included in the classical Latin alphabet.

#### HETEROSMAITIA

Thecla spurina Hewitson, "1862" [1867] and T. zebina Hewitson, "1862" [1867] were both named from single specimens taken in the

Amazon and Nicaragua respectively. One specimen of each has been reported from southern Texas by Stallings & Turner and H. A. Freeman. According to Clench in Ehrlich & Ehrlich ([1961]: 198), "Their true identity remains uncertain." The former according to Clench (in litt.) belongs to the genus *Heterosmaitia* Clench, 1964, and it is probable that the latter belongs to the same genus. He is unable to place them with certainty at present.

#### CALLOPHRYS

Clench in Ehrlich & Ehrlich treats *Callophrys viridis* as a species in his key but omits it from the text. It is here included as a valid species. Further studies, on the biology and larval morphology, by G. A. Gorelick (J. Lepid. Soc., in press) have tended to confirm this separation.

#### ATLIDES

The correct taxonomic standing of *estesi* presents a problem of nomenclature. The name was proposed as "Atlides halesus corcorani, form *estesi*, new normal form" (Clench, 1942). From a reading of Clench's paper, it is clear that he intended *estesi* to represent the western population of halesus. On the other hand, Gunder had proposed corcorani as a transitional form (1934: 131). Transitional forms are generally considered aberrations, but Clench by his action gave this one subspecific standing. Accordingly, these names have been left as they stand in the synonymic list, but the authorship of *corcorani* has been ascribed to Clench, 1942.

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## ON THE NATURE AND USE OF THE SUFFIX -ELLUS, -ELLA, -ELLUM IN SPECIES-GROUP NAMES

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The use of the suffix -ellus (-ella, -ellum) to form species-group names, especially in Microlepidoptera in the form of -ella, has been common for a long time, but fortunately it now seems to be waning. There is nothing to be gained by adding this suffix to specific names, except a few letters to the length of the name. Of the approximately 950 names cited in Heinrich's revision of the American Phycitinae (1956), for example, more than 500 are formed with this suffix, starting with Tinea abietella Denis and Schiffermueller, 1776, Tinea convolutella Hübner, 1796, Tinea decuriella Hübner, 1796, and Tinea elutella Hübner, 1796, and continuing to Ambesa columbiella McDunnough, 1935, and Epischnia vividella McDunnough 1935. None of the 89 new names proposed by Heinrich in this work are formed in this wise.

Latin grammars deal with -ellus, -a, -um as follows:

- a) ... "diminutives (with endings for gender), forming nouns or adjectives, meaning little or tender: as ... puella, asellus, misellus." (Allen and Greenough, 1872).
- b) "There is a class of derivatives called diminutives, which express smallness: hence also sometimes endearment, contempt, pity, or depreciation. Such are of the

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>I am indebted to R. W. Hodges for pointing out that the ending dates back at least to the 10th edition of Linnaeus' Systema Naturae, where the genus *Phalaena* is divided into 7 sections, in some of which the specific names regularly bore characteristic endings: Bombyces, Noctuae, Geometrae (-aria and -ata), Tortrices (-ana), Pyralides (-alis), Tineae (-ella), Alucitae (six species: monodactyla, didactyla, tridactyla, tetradactyla, pentadactyla, hexadactyla). These sections were distinguished in a manner similar to that in which we now designate subgenera, e.g., *Phalaena* (*Tortrix*) ameriana, *P.* (*Tinea*) bella, *P.* (*Tinea*) euonymella. The Linnean sections now correspond roughly to families. The endings were used by later authors in various families. The endings -ana and -alis form adjectives; -aria and -ata are used with both nouns and adjectives; and -dactyla is the second member of compounds, which with the numerical 1st members form adjectives.